# COMMUNICATION DEVELOPMENTAL MILESTONES

A GUIDE TO SPEECH & LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT IN CHILDREN



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Hi, I'm Laura! I am a pediatric speech-language pathologist. I received my Bachelor of Science in Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology from Loyola University Maryland and my Master of Science in Speech-Language and Hearing Sciences from Boston University. I hold a Certificate of Clinical Competence in Speech Language Pathology (CCC-SLP) through the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association (ASHA), and a license to practice in the state of Massachusetts. Throughout my career I have worked with toddlers, preschool, and school-age children in both private practice and public school settings.

In 2022, I started my own private practice, Talking in Strides. As I developed my practice, I recognized the challenges families face in navigating the healthcare system and finding the services they need. My colleague, Alexandra Devlin, and I created The SPOT Collaborative, a directory and collaborative network to help families and professionals quickly and easily find speech, physical, and occupational therapists!

I am committed to helping families and prioritizing quality care.

My goal is to provide families with the resources they need to

access information and resources!

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#### **ABOUT**

Wondering what communication skills your child should be developing? As speech-language pathologists we often get asked this question.

In this guide, review speech and language milestones from infancy to age 3, understand receptive and expressive language and understand what communication skills should be developing at certain ages.

All children develop a their own pace and this is just a guideline, but milestones can be helpful for tracking your child's development and determining whether further assessment or intervention may be necessary.

If you have concerns about your child's language development, seek professional help and guidance by contacting your pediatrician or a speech-language pathologist for an evaluation. If you are looking for speech-language pathologist, search through providers at www.thespotcollaborative.com

#### RECEPTIVE LANGUAGE

Receptive language refers to a child's ability to understand spoken language and gestures. It includes areas such as following directions, understanding vocabulary, and appropriately answering questions.

#### **EXPRESSIVE LANGUAGE**

Expressive language refers to a child's ability to use language and gestures including vocabulary, grammar, and sentence structure to communicate thoughts, needs, feelings, and ideas.

#### **DEVELOPMENTAL MILESTONE**

A milestone is a skill that 90% of children are able to do at a certain age. The average is what 50% of children are able to do at a certain age. Milestones are the minimum level that we are expecting a child to achieve. For example, 90% of 1 year olds are able to say 1 word by 12 months, while 50% of children have 5+ words.

Missing milestones is your first clue that something might be going on with your child's development and are worthy of a discussion with your doctor or speechlanguage pathologist.

# HOW MANY WORDS SHOULD MY CHILD SAY?

AGE	MILESTONE	AVERAGE
12 MONTHS	1	5
15 MONTHS	5	10
18 MONTHS	10	50
24 MONTHS	50	300
30 MONTHS	200	450
36 MONTHS	250	1,000

#### WHAT COUNTS AS A WORD?

First words are anything used consistently, independently and purposefully/with meaning.

1 SINGLE WORDS

"cup"

2 APPROXIMATIONS

words that aren't clear "ba" for ball or "tat" for cat

3 SYMBOLIC SOUNDS

animal sounds, vehicle sounds (e.g., "moo," "beep!"

4 EXCLAMATORY SOUNDS

"uh oh!" "wow" "wee"

5 **WORDS IN ANOTHER LANGUAGE** 

if the child says the same word in a different language, it counts as a separate word

SIGN LANGUAGE

child consistently signs "more" every time they want you to sing a song again

### 0-3 MONTHS

DECE	PTIVE LANGUAGE
	Turns head to sounds
	Quiets or smiles when spoken too
	Seems to recognize your voice and quiets if crying
	Turns or looks toward voices or people talking
EXPR	RESSIVE LANGUAGE
	Makes vowel/cooing sounds
	Smiles at you
	Cries differently for different needs

# 3-6 MONTHS

DECE	PTIVE LANGUAGE
	Moves eyes in the direction of sound
	Watches your face when you're talking
	Responds to changes in the tone of your voice
	Looks at objects of interest and follows objects with eyes
	Notices that toys make sounds
EXPR	RESSIVE LANGUAGE
	Giggles and laughs. Enjoys social games
	Coos and babbles
	Blows "raspberries"
	Makes sounds when happy or upset
	Vocalizes different vowel sounds, beginning to combine with some early consonants ("ba" "puh" "ma")

### 6-9 MONTHS

RFCF	PTIVE LANGUAGE
	Begins to respond to their name
	Recognizes the names of some people and understands a few words and phrases
	Joint attention emerges
EXPR	RESSIVE LANGUAGE
	Reduplicated babbling (e.g., mamama)
	Imitates some simple actions, gestures, sounds
	Uses gestures (e.g., pushing items away, reaching for items, lifts arms to be picked up) and sounds to communicate

### 9-12 MONTHS

RECI	PTIVE LANGUAGE
	Follows simple directions with gestures
	Understands approximately 50 common words and phrases (e.g., juice, cup, shoes, "come here", "no")
	Responds to their name
	Looks when you point.
EXP	RESSIVE LANGUAGE
	Plays games with you, like peek-a-boo
	Points to objects and uses other early gestures such as waving and clapping
	Imitates actions in songs/social games, Imitates speech sounds
	Babbling longer strings of sounds ("bababa" "magada"
	Says 1 word around 1st birthday

# 12-15 MONTHS

	FTIVE  GUAGEone-step directions with adult help (get your shoes, give it to me)  Uses more than 1 toy appropriately  Understands common words and phrases
EXP	RESSIVE LANGUAGE
	Uses 5-10 words
	Babbles in long string with adult-like intonation (jargon)
	Imitates sounds in play (moo, beep, aw, choo choo)
	Uses ~10 or more intentional gestures (waves, shaking head no, points, claps)

## *15-18* MONTHS

RECI	EPTIVE LANGUAGE
	Follows one-step directions independently
	Points to identify common objects and body parts
	Understands common words and phrases
EXP	RESSIVE LANGUAGE
EXP	RESSIVE LANGUAGE Uses 20-50 words
EXP	
EXP	Uses 20-50 words

18-24 MONTHS

<b>RFC</b>	EPTIVE LANGUAGE
	Follows simple 2-step directions
	Understands common verbs
	Responds to simple questions (What's that? Where is the ball?)
	Responds to yes/no questions
FYD	RESSIVE LANGUAGE
	Uses at least 50 words (uses 50-200 words) Begins to combine two-word phrases
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# 24-36 MONTHS

RECE	PTIVE LANGUAGE
	Follows 2-3 step directions
	Understands directions with concepts such as on, off, under, big, little)
	Understands and answers simple WH-questions(who, what, where, what doing?)
EXP	RESSIVE LANGUAGE
	Uses at least 250 words
	Uses 2-4 word phrases
	Vocabulary includes nouns, verbs, descriptors and location words (in, out, on, under, up, down)
	Uses verbs with -ing (sleeping, eating) and some plurals
	Uses pronouns (I, me, we, you)
	Asks simple questions (who, what, where, why)
	Speech is 50-75% intelligible

#### **SOURCES**

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